

Mercury Marine  
 PO Box 1939  
 Fond du Lac, WI 54936

EMERGENCIES

CHEMTREC ASSISTANCE: 800-424-9300  
 CHEMTREC OUTSIDE US: 703-527-3887

PRODUCT INFORMATION: 920-929-5000

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 1 PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION  
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PRODUCT NAME: Precision Quickare Fuel Treatment  
 PRODUCT USE: Fuel additive  
 APPEARANCE: Clear liquid which may contain a colorant  
 CAS NUMBER: Mixture  
 Part Number(s)... 8M0047930, 8M0048210, 8M0055228

DATE.....: 9/25/08  
 MSDS NUMBER: 230-6141KC

HMIS HEALTH RATING.....: 2  
 HMIS FLAMMABLE RATING.: 2  
 HMIS REACTIVITY RATING: 0  
 HMIS PERSONAL PROTECT.: B

NFPA HEALTH RATING.....: 2  
 NFPA FLAMMABLE RATING.: 2  
 NFPA REACTIVITY RATING: 0

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 2 HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS  
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HAZARDOUS COMPONENT	REG AGENCY	PPM	NOTES	MG/M3	NOTES
Alkylphenol Polyoxyalkyl alkylamine CAS NUMBER:TRSECRET-AKPOL PERCENT BY WGT: 1 TO 5			(None established.)		
Ethylbenzene CAS NUMBER:100-41-4 PERCENT BY WGT: 5 TO 10	ACGIH STEL ACGIH-TWA NIOSH NIOSH STEL OSHA STEL OSHA TWA	125 100 100 125 125 100		543 434 435 545 545 435	
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (skin) CAS NUMBER:111-76-2 PERCENT BY WGT: 10 TO 15	ACGIH-TWA NIOSH OSHA TWA	25 25 25		121 120 120	
Xylene	ACGIH STEL	150		651	

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 2 HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS  
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HAZARDOUS COMPONENT	REG AGENCY	PPM	NOTES	MG/M3	NOTES
CAS NUMBER:1330-20-7 PERCENT BY WGT: 1 TO 5	ACGIH-TWA	100		434	
	NIOSH	100		435	
	NIOSH STEL	150		655	
	OSHA STEL	150		655	
	OSHA TWA	100		435	
Petroleum distillates CAS NUMBER:64742-46-7 PERCENT BY WGT: 1 TO 5	ACGIH STEL	-		10	
	ACGIH TWA	-		5	
	OSHA TWA	-		5	
Mineralspirits CAS NUMBER:64742-47-8 PERCENT BY WGT: 60 TO 65	ACGIH TWA	100		525	
	NIOSH	-		350	
	NIOSH STEL	-		1800	4
	OSHA TWA	100		525	
PetroleumDistillates CAS NUMBER:64742-94-5 PERCENT BY WGT: 1 TO 5	OSHA PEL	100		-	
Tertiary Butylated Phenol CAS NUMBER:68610-06-0 PERCENT BY WGT: 1 TO 5			(None established.)		
Naphthalene CAS NUMBER:91-20-3 PERCENT BY WGT: < 1	ACGIH STEL	15		79	
	ACGIH TWA	10		52	
	NIOSH	10		50	
	NIOSH STEL	15		75	
	OSHA STEL	15		75	
	OSHA TWA	10		50	

## NOTES:

- 4) The short term exposure **limit** (STEL) **is** a 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded **at** any time during a workday.

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 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION  
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EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Combustible liquid and vapor. Harmful fatal **if** swallowed, can enter lungs and cause damage.

EYES: May cause moderate to severe eye **irritation**. Not expected to cause permanent damage **if** promptly rinsed from eyes.

SKIN: May cause skin **irritation**. Prolonged and/or repeated contact with the skin may cause **irritation** characterized by redness, cracking and **blistering**. May be absorbed **in** toxic amounts through the skin and cause systemic effects.

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### 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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**INHALATION:** Inhalation of high concentrations of vapors may cause respiratory tract irritation and central nervous system depression. Symptoms include headache, weakness, dizziness, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness or death. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain, nervous system, liver and kidney damage or may cause cardiac arrhythmia.

**INGESTION:** Swallowing small amounts during normal handling is not likely to cause adverse effects. Swallowing larger amounts may cause gastrointestinal disturbances such as nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Aspiration of this product into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis, which can be fatal.

Individuals with pre-existing disease or a history of ailments involving the skin, eyes, respiratory tract, liver, kidney, or central nervous system are at a greater than normal risk of developing adverse effects when exposed to this material.

Ethylbenzene, and naphthalene are classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals.

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### 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

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**EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush the eyes with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 20 minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or face. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Wash affected areas immediately with non-abrasive soap and lukewarm water for 15-20 minutes. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes, and leather goods (i.e. watchbands, belts). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.

**INHALATION:** Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on a doctor's advice. DO NOT allow victim to move about unnecessarily. Symptoms of pulmonary edema may be delayed up to 48 hours after exposure. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**INGESTION:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have person drink 8-10 oz (240-300 mL) of water to dilute material in stomach. If milk is available, it may be administered AFTER the water has been given. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Repeat administration of water. Quickly transport person to emergency care facility.

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#### 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

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NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Pulmonary aspiration hazard **if** swallowed. Treat symptomatically.

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#### 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

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FLASH POINT: 112 F (44 C)  
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not determined.  
FLAMMABLE LIMITS (% by volume/air)  
Lower Limit: Not determined.  
Upper Limit: Not determined.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or foam.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: As in any **fire**, wear complete **fire** service protective equipment, including full-face MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water to cool fire-exposed container/structure/protect personnel. Do not put in contact with oxidizing or caustic materials.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Product is combustible. Product vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

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#### 6 SPILL AND LEAK PROCEDURES

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SMALL SPILL: Stop the flow of material. Absorb with non-flammable suitable absorbent such as sand or earth. Scoop/shovel absorbed material into container.

LARGE SPILL: Dike and contain **spill**. Pump to storage or salvage vessels. Contain run-off from **fire control** and dilution water. Prevent run-off to sewers, streams or other bodies of water. **If** run-off occurs, notify proper authorities that a **spill** has occurred. Eliminate ALL sources of ignition. Ventilate area.

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#### 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

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Handling Procedures: Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact with this material. Avoid eye contact with this material. Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of this material. Observe good personal hygiene practices and recommended procedures. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use this product with adequate ventilation.

Storage Procedures: Do not store near heat, sparks, open flame or strong oxidizing agents. Do not store this material in open, unlabeled containers. Keep in a closed, labeled container within a cool (well-shaded), dry, ventilated

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 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE
 

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area. Protect from physical damage. Empty containers retain product residue (liquid or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition; they may explode.

Ground and bond containers when transferring material, as applicable.

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 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
 

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**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Provide sufficient general / local exhaust ventilation in pattern/volume to control inhalation exposures below current exposure limits and below flammable vapor concentrations. Ventilation rates should be matched to use conditions. Supplementary local exhaust ventilation may be needed in poorly ventilated spaces, during spraying, heating or other non-routine activities.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:**

**EYE PROTECTION:** Industrial safety glasses, side shields, and as necessary, faceshield.

**HAND/SKIN PROTECTION:** Use chemical resistant, flexible-type gloves (neoprene, nitrile or equal) to prevent contact. Gloves should be rinsed and removed immediately after use. Wash hands after removing gloves. Wear chemical resistant garments if contact is unavoidable.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** Respiratory protection may be necessary under certain use conditions. A NIOSH-approved respirator should be selected on the basis of the form and concentration of the contaminant.

**OTHER:** Facilities utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash station and safety shower. Thoroughly clean shoes and wash contaminated clothes before reuse.

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 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
 

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Weight Per Gallon(lbs):	7.544	% VOL by Weight.: Not determined
Vapor Density.: Not determined		Boiling Point...: Not determined
Vapor Pressure: Not determined		Evaporation Rate: Not determined
pH.....: Not determined		Specific Gravity: 0.9059
Solubility In Water: Insoluble		Viscosity.....: Not determined
VOC Content.....: Not determined		

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 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY DATA
 

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#### 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY DATA

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STABILITY: Stable

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong oxidizers and reducers.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCT(S): Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, and other toxic organic compounds.

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#### 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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No data available on the product as a whole.

Xylene: Laboratory animals exposed to high levels of xylene showed evidence of effects on the liver, kidneys, lungs, spleen, and caused hearing loss. Rats exposed during pregnancy to xylene showed fetotoxic effects.

Naphthalene: Laboratory animals exposed to high levels of naphthalene showed evidence of red blood cell destruction with anemia, fever, jaundice and kidney and liver damage. Naphthalene caused an increased incidence of tumors in the nose in rats.

Ethylbenzene: Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS# 111-76-2): Laboratory studies on experimental animals indicate that exposure may cause red blood cell damage, and damage to the kidney and liver. These effects have not been observed in humans. Laboratory animal studies have reported adverse reproductive and developmental effects from over-exposure to 2-butoxyethanol.

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#### 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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This product contains an ingredient that is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

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#### 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

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#### 14 TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

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 14 TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION  
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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION REPORTABLE QUANTITIES  
 REPORTABLE QTY (LBS) HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE

1000	Ethylbenzene
100	Xylene
10	Benzene
100	Naphthalene

DOT SHIPPING INFORMATION FOR GROUND TRANSPORTATION ONLY:  
 DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Combustible **liquid, n.o.s.** (contains petroleum **distillates**)  
 DOT HAZARDCLASS: 3  
 PACKING GROUP **III**  
 DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: NA1993

DOT SHIPPING INFORMATION FOR AIR TRANSPORTATION (IATA):  
 DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Flammable **liquid, n.o.s.** (contains petroleum **distillates**)  
 DOT HAZARDCLASS: 3  
 PACKING GROUP: **III**  
 DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN1993

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 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION  
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SARA TITLE **III** SECTION 313 CHEMICALS

Ethylbenzene  
 Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (skin)  
 Xylene  
 Naphthalene

WARNING: THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS CHEMICALS KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER.

WARNING: THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A CHEMICAL KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM.

No additional information available.

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 16 OTHER INFORMATION  
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